

NATURA 2000

STANDARD DATA FORM

FOR SPECIAL PROTECTION AREAS (SPA)
FOR SITES ELIGIBLE FOR IDENTIFICATION AS SITES OF COMMUNITY IMPORTANCE (SCI)
AND
FOR SPECIAL AREAS OF CONSERVATION (SAC)

1. Site identification:

1.1 Type 1.2 Site code

1.3 Compilation date 1.4 Update

1.5 Relationship with other Natura 2000 sites

U	K	0	0	1	2	7	5	9
U	K	0	0	1	9	8	1	1

1.6 Respondent(s)

1.7 Site name

1.8 Site indication and designation classification dates

date site proposed as eligible as SCI	
date confirmed as SCI	
date site classified as SPA	200002
date site designated as SAC	

2. Site location:

2.1 Site centre location

longitude	latitude
03 54 00 W	57 14 15 N

2.2 Site area (ha) 2.3 Site length (km)

2.5 Administrative region

NUTS code	Region name	% cover
UKA31	Highland	100.0%

2.6 Biogeographic region

Alpine

Atlantic

Boreal

Continental

Macaronesia

Mediterranean

3. Ecological information:

3.1 Annex I habitats

Habitat types present on the site and the site assessment for them:

Annex I habitat	% cover	Representativity	Relative surface	Conservation status	Global assessment

3.2 Annex I birds and regularly occurring migratory birds not listed on Annex I

Code	Species name	Population			Site assessment				
		Resident	Breed	Winter	Stage	Population	Conservation	Isolation	Global
A451	<i>Loxia scotica</i>		200 I			B		C	
A108	<i>Tetrao urogallus</i>	70 I				B		C	

4. Site description:

4.1 General site character

Habitat classes	% cover
Marine areas. Sea inlets	
Tidal rivers. Estuaries. Mud flats. Sand flats. Lagoons (including saltwork basins)	
Salt marshes. Salt pastures. Salt steppes	
Coastal sand dunes. Sand beaches. Machair	
Shingle. Sea cliffs. Islets	
Inland water bodies (standing water, running water)	1.0
Bogs. Marshes. Water fringed vegetation. Fens	10.0
Heath. Scrub. Maquis and garrigue. Phygrana	40.0
Dry grassland. Steppes	
Humid grassland. Mesophile grassland	10.0
Alpine and sub-alpine grassland	
Improved grassland	
Other arable land	
Broad-leaved deciduous woodland	5.0
Coniferous woodland	25.0
Evergreen woodland	
Mixed woodland	9.0
Non-forest areas cultivated with woody plants (including orchards, groves, vineyards, dehesas)	
Inland rocks. Screes. Sands. Permanent snow and ice	
Other land (including towns, villages, roads, waste places, mines, industrial sites)	
Total habitat cover	100%

4.1 Other site characteristics

Soil & geology:

Acidic, Metamorphic, Peat

Geomorphology & landscape:

Hilly, Slope, Upland

4.2 Quality and importance

ARTICLE 4.1 QUALIFICATION (79/409/EEC)

During the breeding season the area regularly supports:

Loxia scotica 13.3% of the population in Great Britain
Count for 1994

During the year the area regularly supports:

Tetrao urogallus 3.2% of the GB breeding population
Counts for 1994 and 1998

ARTICLE 4.2 QUALIFICATION (79/409/EEC)

4.3 Vulnerability

Kinveachy Forest is part of a larger estate which is managed for timber and shooting (red grouse, partridge and deer). The woodland includes areas of natural, self-sown Scots pine which are not being exploited commercially, and areas planted with Scots pine of local origin which form a commercial crop. Part of the woodland is managed under a grant scheme for native (Caledonian) pine forest which may be extended to further areas in the near future. Strategies are being developed to deal with high levels of grazing by red deer and to revise the locations of areas where heather is burnt.

5. Site protection status and relation with CORINE biotopes:

5.1 Designation types at national and regional level

Code	% cover
UK04 (SSSI/ASSI)	100.0