

NATURA 2000

STANDARD DATA FORM

FOR SPECIAL PROTECTION AREAS (SPA)
FOR SITES ELIGIBLE FOR IDENTIFICATION AS SITES OF COMMUNITY IMPORTANCE (SCI)
AND
FOR SPECIAL AREAS OF CONSERVATION (SAC)

1. Site identification:

1.1 Type 1.2 Site code

1.3 Compilation date 1.4 Update

1.5 Relationship with other Natura 2000 sites

| | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|

1.6 Respondent(s)

1.7 Site name

1.8 Site indication and designation classification dates

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| date site proposed as eligible as SCI | |
| date confirmed as SCI | |
| date site classified as SPA | 199810 |
| date site designated as SAC | |

2. Site location:

2.1 Site centre location

| | |
|------------|------------|
| longitude | latitude |
| 05 37 00 W | 55 31 00 N |

2.2 Site area (ha) 2.3 Site length (km)

2.5 Administrative region

| NUTS code | Region name | % cover |
|-----------|-------------|---------|
| UKA22 | Strathclyde | 100.00% |

2.6 Biogeographic region

Alpine

Atlantic

Boreal

Continental

Macaronesia

Mediterranean

3. Ecological information:

3.1 Annex I habitats

Habitat types present on the site and the site assessment for them:

| Annex I habitat | % cover | Representativity | Relative surface | Conservation status | Global assessment |
|-----------------|---------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | |

3.2 Annex I birds and regularly occurring migratory birds not listed on Annex I

| Code | Species name | Population | | | Site assessment | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|---|-----------------|--------------|-----------|--------|
| | | Resident | Migratory | | Population | Conservation | Isolation | Global |
| Breed | Winter | Stage | | | | | | |
| A041b | <i>Anser albifrons flavirostris</i> | | 2323 | I | A | | C | |

4. Site description:

4.1 General site character

| Habitat classes | % cover |
|--|-------------|
| Marine areas. Sea inlets | |
| Tidal rivers. Estuaries. Mud flats. Sand flats. Lagoons (including saltwork basins) | |
| Salt marshes. Salt pastures. Salt steppes | |
| Coastal sand dunes. Sand beaches. Machair | |
| Shingle. Sea cliffs. Islets | |
| Inland water bodies (standing water, running water) | 100.0 |
| Bogs. Marshes. Water fringed vegetation. Fens | |
| Heath. Scrub. Maquis and garrigue. Phygrana | |
| Dry grassland. Steppes | |
| Humid grassland. Mesophile grassland | |
| Alpine and sub-alpine grassland | |
| Improved grassland | |
| Other arable land | |
| Broad-leaved deciduous woodland | |
| Coniferous woodland | |
| Evergreen woodland | |
| Mixed woodland | |
| Non-forest areas cultivated with woody plants (including orchards, groves, vineyards, dehesas) | |
| Inland rocks. Scree. Sands. Permanent snow and ice | |
| Other land (including towns, villages, roads, waste places, mines, industrial sites) | |
| Total habitat cover | 100% |

4.1 Other site characteristics

Soil & geology:

Acidic, Calc-schists, Clay, Limestone, Mud, Nutrient-poor, Nutrient-rich, Peat, Sand, Sandstone, Sedimentary, Shingle

Geomorphology & landscape:

Coastal, Hilly, Lowland, Shingle bar, Upland

4.2 Quality and importance

ARTICLE 4.1 QUALIFICATION (79/409/EEC)

Over winter the area regularly supports:

Anser albifrons flavirostris
(Greenland/Ireland/UK)

17% of the GB population
winter peak mean

ARTICLE 4.2 QUALIFICATION (79/409/EEC)

4.3 Vulnerability

There are no known significant threats to the interest on the site at present. A recent draft research report has indicated that further monitoring of the site is required in order to determine the significance of disturbance that may occur through forestry activities (all 5 lochs are adjacent to forest plantations) and wildfowling. SNH will address any significant threats brought to light by such monitoring through management agreements with private owners and occupiers and through liaison and agreement with other competent authorities.

5. Site protection status and relation with CORINE biotopes:

5.1 Designation types at national and regional level

| Code | % cover |
|------------------|---------|
| UK04 (SSSI/ASSI) | 100.0 |